

## When Young People Experience Grief...

Whenever we experience a loss, we grieve. How we grieve will be determined by many factors, but the reality is....we grieve. When children and teenagers lose someone through death they grieve as well. Like adults, their response is unique. They may have physical complaints, experience difficulty in concentrating or staying on task and feel a range of emotions from anger and sadness to guilt and anxiety.

Often times we hear, "I don't think my daughter understands what has happened because she just wants to play with her friends", or "His teammate died and yet he is going out with friends." A young person may struggle with the intensity of grief and sustaining such strong emotions is difficult. It has been described by some professionals as a "short feeling span". The pain of loss can be sustained for only so long before they are compelled to seek a distraction.

It is important to offer assistance that is appropriate to one's developmental level.

Children respond to their grief as it expresses itself to them. They process as they go along and re-grieve when an event, such as their first basketball game, donuts with dad or their first dance reveals an additional layer of loss. These events bring forward the realization of the permanence of the death and the future losses to be experienced. When they enter their teen years, they can sometimes receive messages to move quickly through their grief. Because of their need to conform to their peers and their fear of appearing "different", they may minimize their expressions of grief. Teens are also facing life issues (dating, life planning, graduation, etc) that compel them to put their grief on the back burner. Teens may also be encouraged to take a more adult role in the household, assuming responsibilities to ease the stress on a surviving parent, which leaves little time to grieve. All this creates a situation where a teen may have to begin their grief journey anew (in their 20's) when these other issues subside.

In school, while the child or teenager is to carry on with their math assignments and listen to the science lecture, his/her emotions associated with a loss are churning inside. Teachers faced with increasing demands on their time and attention are not prepared for or equipped to address these issues, or perhaps to even be aware of what is happening.

So how do we help our children and teenagers cope with the natural occurrence of loss and grief in their lives?

For young people to learn to grieve in a healthy manner, they need understanding, information and support. Parents can provide great support at home, but since our children and teenagers spend so much of their lives in school, there is growing awareness of the school's role in meeting the needs of the grieving student - and programs are being developed in response. Through understanding and support an atmosphere of healing can be created.

Each of our offices has resources on end-of-life issues available for the public on a loan basis. For more information about grief and loss, visit our website www.hrrv.org or call us at (800) 237-4629.